

Identifying Behaviors

Behaviors are used to capture the state of resident acuity to enable continuous monitoring for proactive care.



NEUTRAL BEHAVIOR

When the resident is unbiased, disinterested but agrees to care assistance; or they are asleep.
Synonyms: Fair, bland, indifferent, impartial, even-handed



SOCIABLE BEHAVIOR

When the resident shows a positive mood, participating in care through verbal or non-verbal cues.
Synonyms: friendly, chummy, extrovert, open, genial



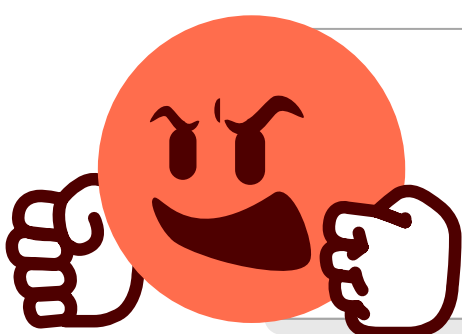
RECLUSIVE BEHAVIOR

When the resident shows signs of avoiding care, meals, or activities they normally enjoy.
Synonyms: withdrawn, antisocial, introvert, secluded



COOPERATIVE BEHAVIOR

When the resident is cordial, sociable, and shows interest in their wellbeing.
Synonyms: helpful, interactive, easy, responsive, compliant



COMBATIVE BEHAVIOR

When the resident shows signs or acts out in an aggressive manner. This could include verbal or physical mannerisms caused by pain, fear, anger or frustration
Synonyms: angry, mad, hostile, aggressive, belligerent



CALM BEHAVIOR

When the resident is in a peaceful, undisturbed state of mind. They may not show signs of excitement but remain happy about their care and environmental surroundings.
Synonyms: peaceful, tranquil, serene, undisturbed



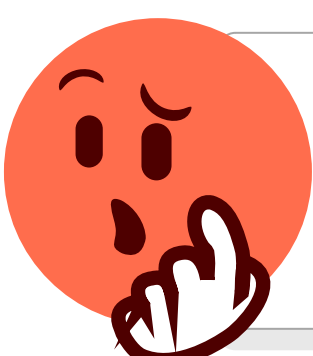
DISTRESSED BEHAVIOR

When the resident is unable to be persuaded or calmed from anxiety over situations that may or may not be reality.
Synonyms: upset, sad, pained, troubled, grieved, worried



AWARE BEHAVIOR

When the resident is knowledgeable of their surroundings and self care/medication needs.
Synonyms: knowledgeable, wise, informed, cognizant



CONFUSED BEHAVIOR

When the resident has difficulty understanding instructions, poor attention span, uncertain, or unable to communicate needs coherently.
Synonyms: unclear, hazy, clueless, jumbled, dim, disoriented